

Myton Park Primary School Knowledge Progression Grid: PSHE

	Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Aspect	Nursery	Knowledge	Knowledge	Knowledge	Knowledge	Knowledge	Knowledge
•	Reception			, and the second			
	See Early Years long term plan and	What is the same and different	What makes a good friend?	How can we be a good friend?	What strengths, skills and	What makes up our identity?	How can we keep healthy as we
	skills progression.	about us?			interests do we have?		grow? Part 1
		Balatianakina Owasakuna and atkana	Relationships Friendship; feeling	Relationships Friendship; making	Haalah and wallbaira Calf assassa	Health and wellbeing Identity;	the date and confliction to a bine
		Relationships Ourselves and others; similarities and differences;	lonely; managing arguments	positive friendships, managing loneliness, dealing with arguments	Health and wellbeing Self-esteem: self-worth; personal qualities; goal	personal attributes and qualities; similarities and differences;	Health and wellbeing Looking after ourselves; growing up;
		individuality; our bodies	 how to make friends with 	loneliness, dealing with arguments	setting; managing set backs	individuality; stereotypes	becoming independent; taking
		maividuaity, our boules	others	How friendships support wellbeing	Setting, managing set backs	marviadanty, stereotypes	more responsibility
		what they like/dislike and are good	ouncis	and the importance of seeking	 how to recognise personal 	How to recognise and	The state of the s
		at	How to recognise when they feel	support if feeling lonely or	qualities and individuality	respect similarities and	How mental and physical
			lonely and what they could do	excluded		differences between	health are linked
		what makes them special and	about it.		• to develop self-worth by	people and what they	
		how everyone has different		how to recognise if others are	identifying positive things about	have in common with	how positive friendships and
		strengths	How people behave when they	feeling lonely and excluded and	themselves and their achievements	others	being involved in activities such
		 how their personal features or 	are being friendly and what makes	strategies to include them	 how their personal attributes, 	• that there are a range of factors	as clubs and community groups
		qualities are unique to them	a good friend.	how to build good friendships,	strengths, skills and interests	• that there are a range of factors that contribute to a person's	support wellbeing
		quanties are ainque to them	 How to resolve arguments that 	including identifying qualities that	contribute to their self-esteem	identity (e.g. ethnicity, family, faith,	how to make choices that
		how they are similar or different	can occur in friendships.	contribute to positive friendships		culture, gender, hobbies,	support a healthy, balanced
		to others, and what they have in	·	·	 how to set goals for themselves 	likes/dislikes)	lifestyle including:
		common	 how to ask for help if a friendship 	• that friendships sometimes have			
			is making them unhappy	difficulties, and how to manage	how to manage when there are	how individuality and personal	- how to plan a healthy meal
		• to use the correct names for the		when there is a problem or an	set-backs, learn from mistakes and	qualities make up someone's	- how to stay physically active
		main parts of the body, including external genitalia; and that parts of		argument between friends, resolve disputes and reconcile differences	reframe unhelpful thinking	identity (including that gender	- how to maintain good dental
		bodies covered with underwear are		disputes and reconcile differences		identity is part of personal identity and for some people does not	health, including oral hygiene, food and drink choices
		private		how to recognise if a friendship is		correspond with their biological	- how to benefit from and stay
		P		making them unhappy, feel		sex)	safe in the sun
				uncomfortable or unsafe and how		,	- how and why to balance time
				to ask for support		 about stereotypes and how they 	spent online with other activities
						are not always accurate, and can	- how sleep contributes to a
						negatively influence behaviours	healthy lifestyle; the effects of
						and attitudes towards others	poor sleep; strategies that
						how to challenge stereotypes and	support good quality sleep - how to manage the influence of
						assumptions about others	friends and family on health
						,	choices
		Who is special to us?	What is bullying?	What keeps us safe?	How do we treat each other with	What decisions can people make	How can we keep healthy as we
					respect?	with money?	grow? Part 2
		Relationships Ourselves and others;	Relationships Behaviour; bullying;	Health and wellbeing Keeping safe;			
		people who care for us; groups we	words and actions; respect for	at home and school; our bodies;	Relationships Respect for self and	Living in the wider world Money;	Health and wellbeing Looking
		belong to; families	others	hygiene; medicines and household products	others; courteous behaviour;	making decisions; spending and	after ourselves; growing up; becoming independent; taking
		 that family is one of the groups 	 how words and actions 	products	safety; human rights	saving	more responsibility
		they belong to, as well as, for	can affect how people feel		how people's behaviour affects	How people make	more responsibility
		example, school, friends, clubs	san anest now people reci	 how to recognise hazards 	themselves and others, including	decisions about spending	
			 how to ask for and give/not give 	that may cause harm or	online	and saving money	• that habits can be healthy or
		about the different people in	permission regarding physical	injury and what they		and what influences them	unhealthy; strategies to help
		their family / those that love and	contact and how to respond if	should do to reduce risk	how to model being polite and		change or break an unhealthy
		care for them	physical contact makes them	and keep themselves (or	courteous in different situations	how to keep track of money so	habit or take up a new healthy
		what their family members, or	uncomfortable or unsafe	others) safe	and recognise the respectful behaviour they should receive in	people know how much they have	one
		people that are special to them, do	why name-calling, hurtful	• how to help keep their hady	return	to spend or save	how legal and illegal drugs
		to make them feel loved and cared	teasing, bulling and deliberately	 how to help keep their body protected and safe, e.g. wearing a 	- Court	how people make choices about	(legal and illegal) can affect
		for	excluding others is unacceptable	protected and sure, e.g. wearing a	about the relationship between	ways of paying for things they	health and how to manage
					rights and responsibilities		situations involving them

	how families are all different but share common features — what is the same and different about them about different features of family life, including what families do / enjoy together that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something a	how to respond if this happens in different situations how to report bullying or other hurtful behaviour, including online, to a trusted adult and the importance of doing so	seatbelt, protective clothing and stabilizers • that their body belongs to them and should not be hurt or touched without their permission; what to do and who to tell if they feel uncomfortable • how to recognise and respond to pressure to do something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable (including online) • how everyday health and hygiene rules and routines help people stay safe and healthy (including how to manage the use of medicines, such as for allergies and asthma, and other household products, responsibly) • how to react and respond if there is an accident and how to deal with minor injuries e.g. scratches, grazes, burns • What to do in an emergency, including calling for help and speaking to the emergency services.	 about the right to privacy and how to recognise when a confidence or secret should be kept (such as a nice birthday surprise everyone will find out about) or not agreed to and when to tell (e.g. if someone is being upset or hurt)* the rights that children have and why it is important to protect these* that everyone should feel included, respected and not discriminated against; how to respond if they witness or experience exclusion, disrespect or discrimination how to respond to aggressive or inappropriate behaviour (including online and unwanted physical contact) – how to report concerns 	want and need (e.g. from current accounts/savings; store card/ credit cards; loans) • how to recognise what makes something 'value for money' and what this means to them • that there are risks associated with money (it can be won, lost or stolen) and how money can affect people's feelings and emotions	 how to recognise early signs of physical or mental ill-health and what to do about this, including whom to speak to in and outside school that health problems, including mental health problems, can build up if they are not recognised, managed, or if help is not sought early on that anyone can experience mental ill-health and to discuss concerns with a trusted adult that mental health difficulties can usually be resolved or managed with the right strategies and support that FGM is illegal and goes against human rights; that they should tell someone immediately if they are worried for themselves or someone else¹
	What helps us stay healthy? Health and wellbeing Being	What jobs do people do? Living in the wider world People	What are families like? Relationships Families; family life;	How can we manage our feelings? Health and wellbeing Feelings and	How can we help in an accident or emergency?	How can the media influence people? Part 1
	healthy; hygiene; medicines; people who help us with health • what being healthy means and who helps help them to stay healthy (e.g. parent, dentist, doctor) • that things people put into or onto their bodies can affect how they feel • how medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations) can help people stay healthy and that some people need to take medicines every day to stay healthy	and jobs; money; role of the internet • How jobs help people earn money to pay for things they need and want • about a range of different jobs, including those done by people they know or people who work in their community • how people have different strengths and interests that enable them to do different jobs • how people use the internet and digital devices in their jobs and everyday life	- How families differ from each other (including that not every family has the same family structure, e.g. single parents, same sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster and adoptive parents) • how common features of positive family life often include shared experiences, e.g. celebrations, special days or holidays - How marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people which is intended to be lifelong. • how people within families should care for each other and the different ways they demonstrate this	emotions; expression of feelings; behaviour - How everyday things can affect feelings • how feelings change over time and can be experienced at different levels of intensity • the importance of expressing feelings and how they can be expressed in different ways • how to respond proportionately to, and manage, feelings in different circumstances • ways of managing feelings at times of loss, grief and change • how to access advice and support to help manage their own or others' feelings	Health and wellbeing Basic first aid, accidents, dealing with emergencies • How to carry out basic first aid including for burns, scalds, cuts, bleeds, choking, asthma attacks or allergic reactions • that if someone has experienced a head injury, they should not be moved • when it is appropriate to use first aid and the importance of seeking adult help the importance of remaining calm in an emergency and providing clear information about what has happened to an adult or the emergency services	Living the wider world Media literacy and digital resilience; influences and decision-making; online safety • How the media, including online experiences, can affect people's wellbeing – their thoughts, feelings and actions • that not everything should be shared online or social media and that there are rules about this, including the distribution of images • that mixed messages in the media exist (including about health, the news and different groups of people) and that these can influence opinions and decisions • how text and images can be manipulated or invented; strategies to recognise this

		them feel unhappy, worried or unsafe			 to evaluate how reliable different types of online content and media are, e.g. videos, blogs, news, reviews, adverts to recognise unsafe or suspicious content online and what to do about it
Money; making choices; needs and wants • what money is - that money comes in different forms • how money is obtained (e.g. earned, won, borrowed, presents) • how people make choices about what to do with money, including spending and saving • The difference between needs and wants - that people may not always be able to have the things they want. • How to keep money safe and the different ways of doing this.	Health and wellbeing Keeping safe; recognising risk; rules • how rules and restrictions help them to keep safe (e.g. basic road, fire, cycle, water safety; in relation to medicines/ household products and online) • how to identify risky and potentially unsafe situations (in familiar and unfamiliar environments, including online) and take steps to avoid or remove themselves from them • how to resist pressure to do something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable, including keeping secrets • how not everything they see online is true or trustworthy and that people can pretend to be someone they are not • how to tell a trusted adult if they are worried for themselves or others, worried that something is unsafe or if they come across something that scares or concerns them	Living in the wider world Community; belonging to groups; similarities and differences; respect for others • how they belong to different groups and communities, e.g. friendship, faith, clubs, classes/year groups • what is meant by a diverse community; how different groups make up the wider/local community around the school • how the community helps everyone to feel included and values the different contributions that people make • how to be respectful towards people who may live differently to them - how voluntary and community based work can benefit mental wellbeing and happiness.	Health and wellbeing Growing and changing; puberty • About puberty and how bodies change during puberty, including menstruation and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams • how puberty can affect emotions and feelings • how personal hygiene routines change during puberty	How can friends communicate safely? Relationships Friendships; relationships; becoming independent; online safety • About the different types of relationships people have in their lives • how friends and family communicate together; how the internet and social media can be used positively - That bullying (including cyber bullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing. • how knowing someone online differs from knowing someone face-to-face • how to recognise risk in relation to friendships and keeping safe - recognising the importance of permission seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults. • about the types of content (including images) that is safe to share online; ways of seeking and giving consent before images or personal information is shared with friends or family • how to respond if a friendship is making them feel worried, unsafe or uncomfortable • how to ask for help or advice and respond to pressure, inappropriate contact or concerns about personal safety	How can the media influence people? Part 2 Living the wider world Media literacy and digital resilience; influences and decision-making; online safety • How information is ranked, selected, targeted to meet the interests of individuals and groups, and can be used to influence them • how to make decisions about the content they view online or in the media and know if it is appropriate for their age range • how to respond to and if necessary, report information viewed online which is upsetting, frightening or untrue • to recognise the risks involved in gambling related activities, what might influence somebody to gamble and the impact it might have • to discuss and debate what influences people's decisions, taking into consideration different viewpoints - consider the effect of their online actions on others and how to demonstrate respectful behaviour.

Who helps to keep us safe?	What can help us grow and stay healthy?	Why should we eat well and look after our teeth?	How can our choices make a difference to others and the	How can drugs common to everyday life affect health?	What will change as we become more independent? How do
Health and wellbeing			environment?		friendships change as we grow?
Keeping safe; people who help us	Health and wellbeing Being	Health and wellbeing Being		Health and wellbeing Drugs,	Part 1
	healthy: eating, drinking, playing	healthy: eating well, dental care	Living in the wider world Caring for	alcohol and tobacco; healthy habits	
 that people have different roles 	and sleeping		others; the environment; people		Relationships Different
in the community to help them			and animals; shared	how drugs common to everyday	relationships, changing and
(and others) keep safe - the jobs	 that different things help 	 how to eat a healthy diet 	responsibilities, making choices	life (including smoking/vaping	growing, adulthood,
they do and how they help people	their bodies to be healthy,	and the benefits of	and decisions	- nicotine, alcohol, caffeine and	independence, moving to
	including food and drink,	nutritionally rich foods		medicines) can affect health and	secondary school
who can help them in different	physical activity, sleep and	,		wellbeing	•
places and situations; how to	rest	how to maintain good oral	How people have a shared		 That people have
attract someone's attention or ask		hygiene (including regular brushing	responsibility to help	that some drugs are legal (but	different kinds of
for help; what to say	that eating and drinking too	and flossing) and the importance of	protect the world around	may have laws or restrictions	relationships in their
,	much sugar can affect their health,	regular visits to the dentist	them	related to them) and other drugs	lives, including romantic
how to respond safely to adults	including dental health	regular visits to the dentist		are illegal	or intimate relationships
they don't know		how not eating a balanced diet	how everyday choices can affect		that people who are attracted
they don't know	how to be physically active and	can affect health, including the	the environment	how laws surrounding the use of	to and love each other can be of
what to do if they feel unsafe or	how much rest and sleep they	impact of too much sugar/acidic	the chiviloninene	drugs exist to protect them	any gender, ethnicity or faith; the
worried for themselves or others;	should have everyday	drinks on dental health	how what people choose to buy	and others	way couples care for one another
and the importance of keeping on	Should have everyday	uniks on dental health	or spend money on can affect		way couples care for one another
asking for support until they are	• that there are different ways to	a bourno cula madra alta in	1	why people choose to use or not	that adults can choose to be part
heard	=	how people make choices about	others or the environment (e.g.	use different drugs	· ·
nearu	learn and play; how to know when to take a break from screen-time	what to eat and drink, including	Fairtrade, single use plastics, giving	use unicient urugs	of a committed relationship or
a how to got holp if there is an	to take a break from screen-time	who or what influences these	to charity)	a how poorle can provent or	not, including marriage or civil
how to get help if there is an assident and someone is burt	a hour supphises balls		عاد و النام معمد العرب الحال النام عليه	how people can prevent or reduce the ricks associated with	partnership
accident and someone is hurt,	how sunshine help	how, when and where to ask for	• the skills and vocabulary to share	reduce the risks associated with	
including how to dial 999 in an		advice and help about healthy	their thoughts, ideas and opinions	them	that marriage should be wanted
emergency and what to say		eating and dental care	in discussion about topical issues		equally by both people and that
				that for some people, drug use	forcing someone to marry against
			how to show care and concern	can become a habit which is	their will is a crime
			for others (people and animals)	difficult to break	
					 how puberty relates to growing
			how to carry out personal	how organisations help people to	from childhood to adulthood
			responsibilities in a caring and	stop smoking and the support	
			compassionate way	available to help people if they	- how menstrual wellbeing
				have concerns about any drug	including the key facts about the
				use	menstrual cycle.
				 how to ask for help from a 	
				trusted adult if they have any	
				worries or concerns about drugs	
How can we look after each other	How do we recognise our feelings?	Why should we keep active and	How can we manage risk in	What jobs would we like?	What will change as we become
and the world?		sleep well?	different places?		more independent? How do
	Health and wellbeing Feelings;			Living in the wider world Careers;	friendships change as we grow?
Living in the wider world	mood; times of change; loss and		Health and wellbeing Keeping safe;	aspirations; role models; the future	Part 2
	bereavement; growing up	Health and wellbeing Being	out and about; recognising and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
 Ourselves and others; the 	70 - 0 -	healthy: keeping active, taking rest	managing risk	That there is a broad	Relationships Different
world around us; caring	how to recognise, name and	meshing detire, taking rest		range of different jobs and	relationships, changing and
for others; growing and	describe a range of feelings	how regular physical	 how to recognise, predict, 	people often have more	growing, adulthood,
changing	associate a range of recinigs	activity benefits bodies,	assess and manage risk in	than one during their	independence, moving to
Changing	hat halve them to feel acad an	wellbeing and feelings	different situations	careers and over their	secondary school
	• What helps them to the good or			Laizers and OVEL MEII	Secondary School
• how kind and unkind hohaviour	what helps them to feel good, or hetter if not feeling good	wellbeilig and feelings	different situations		
how kind and unkind behaviour can affect others; how to be polite.	better if not feeling good			lifetime	
can affect others; how to be polite	better if not feeling good	how to be active on a daily and	how to keep safe in the local	lifetime	
can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and	better if not feeling goodhow different things / times /	how to be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time	how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar	lifetime • that some jobs are paid more	• shout the reproductive arrange
can affect others; how to be polite	better if not feeling good how different things / times / experiences can bring about	how to be active on a daily and	how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water,	lifetimethat some jobs are paid more than others and some may be	about the reproductive organs and process, how babies are
can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively	better if not feeling good how different things / times / experiences can bring about different feelings for different	how to be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time online with other activities	 how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun 	lifetime • that some jobs are paid more	and process - how babies are
can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively • the responsibilities they have in	how different things / times / experiences can bring about different feelings for different people (including loss, change)	 how to be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time online with other activities how to make choices about 	• how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun safety and the safe use of digital	 lifetime that some jobs are paid more than others and some may be voluntary (unpaid) 	and process - how babies are conceived and born and how they
can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively	how different things / times / experiences can bring about different feelings for different people (including loss, change and bereavement or moving on to	 how to be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time online with other activities how to make choices about physical activity, including what 	 how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun 	 Itetime that some jobs are paid more than others and some may be voluntary (unpaid) about the skills, attributes, 	and process - how babies are
can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively • the responsibilities they have in and out of the classroom	how different things / times / experiences can bring about different feelings for different people (including loss, change)	 how to be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time online with other activities how to make choices about 	• how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun safety and the safe use of digital devices when out and about)	 Itifetime that some jobs are paid more than others and some may be voluntary (unpaid) about the skills, attributes, qualifications and training needed 	and process - how babies are conceived and born and how they need to be cared for
can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively • the responsibilities they have in and out of the classroom • how people and animals need to	• how different things / times / experiences can bring about different feelings for different people (including loss, change and bereavement or moving on to a new class/year group)	 how to be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time online with other activities how to make choices about physical activity, including what and who influences decisions 	 how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun safety and the safe use of digital devices when out and about) how people can be influenced by 	 Itetime that some jobs are paid more than others and some may be voluntary (unpaid) about the skills, attributes, 	and process - how babies are conceived and born and how they need to be cared for • that there are ways to prevent a
can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively • the responsibilities they have in and out of the classroom	• how different things / times / experiences can bring about different feelings for different people (including loss, change and bereavement or moving on to a new class/year group) • how feelings can affect people in	 how to be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time online with other activities how to make choices about physical activity, including what and who influences decisions how the lack of physical activity 	 how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun safety and the safe use of digital devices when out and about) how people can be influenced by their peers' behaviour and by 	 Itifetime that some jobs are paid more than others and some may be voluntary (unpaid) about the skills, attributes, qualifications and training needed for different jobs 	and process - how babies are conceived and born and how they need to be cared for
can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively • the responsibilities they have in and out of the classroom • how people and animals need to	• how different things / times / experiences can bring about different feelings for different people (including loss, change and bereavement or moving on to a new class/year group) • how feelings can affect people in their bodies and their	 how to be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time online with other activities how to make choices about physical activity, including what and who influences decisions 	 how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun safety and the safe use of digital devices when out and about) how people can be influenced by their peers' behaviour and by a desire for peer approval; how to 	 lifetime that some jobs are paid more than others and some may be voluntary (unpaid) about the skills, attributes, qualifications and training needed for different jobs that there are different ways into 	 and process - how babies are conceived and born and how they need to be cared for that there are ways to prevent a baby being made²
can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively • the responsibilities they have in and out of the classroom • how people and animals need to	• how different things / times / experiences can bring about different feelings for different people (including loss, change and bereavement or moving on to a new class/year group) • how feelings can affect people in	 how to be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time online with other activities how to make choices about physical activity, including what and who influences decisions how the lack of physical activity 	 how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun safety and the safe use of digital devices when out and about) how people can be influenced by their peers' behaviour and by 	 Itifetime that some jobs are paid more than others and some may be voluntary (unpaid) about the skills, attributes, qualifications and training needed for different jobs 	and process - how babies are conceived and born and how they need to be cared for • that there are ways to prevent a

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what can harm the local and	ways to manage big feelings and	how lack of sleep can affect the	how people's online actions can		increased opportunities and
global environment; how they and	the importance of sharing their	body and mood and simple	impact on other people	 how people choose a career/job 	responsibilities
others can help care for it	feelings with someone they trust	routines that support good quality		and what influences their decision,	
		sleep	 how to keep safe online, 	including skills, interests and pay	 how friendships may change as
how people grow and change and	 how to recognise when they 		including managing requests for		they grow and how to manage
how people's needs change as they	might need help with feelings and	 how to seek support in relation 	personal information and	 how to question and challenge 	this
grow from young to old	how to ask for help when they	to physical activity, sleep and rest	recognising what is appropriate to	stereotypes about the types of jobs	
	need it	and who to talk to if they are	share or not share online	people can do	 how to manage change,
how to manage change when		worried			including moving to secondary
moving to a new class/year group			 how to report concerns, including 	 how they might choose a 	school; how to ask for support or
			about inappropriate online	career/job for themselves when	where to seek further
			content and contact	they are older, why they would	information and advice regarding
				choose it and what might influence	growing up and changing
			 that rules, restrictions and laws 	their decisions	
			exist to help people keep safe and		
			how to respond if they become		
			aware of a situation that is anti-		
			social or against the law		